

SAFETY DATA SHEET

| United States | | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 1. Identification Product name | rProtein A/Protein | G GraviTrap™ |
| Catalogue Number | 28985256 | 9028985256 |
| Other means of identification Product type | Not available. Liquid. | |
| Identified uses Laboratory chemicals Liquid chromatography. Scientific research and developm | ubstance or mixture and uses advised ent chemistry. Liquid chromatography. Scier | |
| Supplier | Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313 | Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593 |
| In case of emergency | INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-5 Outside of the United States, call 24 Ho | 35-5053 our number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect) |
| Section 2. Hazards ident | ification | |
| OSHA/HCS status | This material is considered hazardous 1910.1200). | by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | |
| GHS label elements Hazard pictograms | | |
| Signal word | Warning | |
| Hazard statements | Flammable liquid and vapor. | |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | clothing: Recommended: lab coat. Wea side-shields. Keep away from heat, ho No smoking. Use explosion-proof elec tools. Take action to prevent static disc | |
| Response | () | tely all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. |
| Storage Disposal | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep c Dispose of contents and container in a | ooi. ccordance with all local, regional, national and international |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | regulations. None known. | |

Article Number :

9 5 2 8 9 8 5 2 5 6

28985256

Page: 1/8 Validation date 14 October 2023

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture Other means of identification | Mixture Not available. | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| CAS number/other identifiers CAS number | Not applicable. | | |
| Ingredient name ethanol | | % 14 - 19 | CAS number 64-17-5 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary firs | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| Skin contact | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. |
| Most important symptoms/ef | fects, acute and delayed |
| Potential acute health effec | <u>ts</u> |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | toms |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate medi | ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| See toxicological information | n (Section 11) |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
|---|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| | |



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| For emergency responders | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | | | |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). | | | |
| Methods and materials for contai | inment and cleaning up | | | |
| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | | | |
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. | | | |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|---|---|
| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits ethanol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Notes: TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.



| Appropriate engineering controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|---|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measures | |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: lab coat |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. |
| Personal protective equipment (Pictograms) | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appear | ance |
|--------|------|
| | |

| | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|-------|-----------|--------------|
| | | Va | por Press | ure at 20°C | Va | por press | sure at 50°C |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Flammability | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Burning rate | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Burning time | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Flash point | Closed cup: 38 to 4 | 43°C (100.4 to | o 109.4°F) | | | | |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. | | | | | | |
| рН | 5.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (% | % w/w): 100% |] | | | | |
| Odor threshold | 180 ppm | | | | | | |
| Odor | Alcohol-like. [Slight | t] | | | | | |
| Color | White to yellowish. | | | | | | |
| Physical state | Liquid. | | | | | | |
| Appearance | | | | | | | |



| | ethanol | 42.95 | 5.7 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----|-----------|--|
| | water | 23.8 | 3.2 | | | |
| | Agarose | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Relative vapor density | Not available. | | | | | |
| Relative density | Not available. | | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | | | | | |
| | Media | | Result | | | |
| | cold water hot water | | Easily soluble Easily soluble | | | |
| Solubility in water | Not available. | | - | | | |
| Miscible with water | Yes. | | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octane water | ol/ Not applicable. | | | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. | | | | | |
| | Ingredient name | | °C | °F | Method | |
| | ethanol | | 455 | 851 | DIN 51794 | |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. | | | | | |
| SADT | Not available. | | | | | |
| Viscosity | Not available. | | | | | |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | Not available. | | | | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | Not applicable. | | | | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity Chemical stability | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name ethanol | Result LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Species Rat | Dose 124700 mg/m³ | Exposure 4 hours |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Irritation/Corrosion Not available. | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin <u>Sensitization</u> Not available. | Repeated exposure may cause skin | dryness or cracking | | |
| Mutagenicity Not available. | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity Not available. | | | | |
| Reproductive toxicity Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available. | | | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity Not available. | (single exposure) | | | |

28985256

28985256

| rProtein A/Protein G GraviTrap™ | | | | | | 28985256 |
|--|--|---|------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Specific target organ toxicity (r | epeated exposure) | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Aspiration hazard | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes. | | | | | |
| Potential acute health effects | | | | | | |
| Eye contact | No known significant | | | | | |
| Inhalation | No known significant | | | | | |
| Skin contact | No known significant | | | | | |
| Ingestion | No known significant | | | | | |
| Symptoms related to the physica | | ological characteris | stics | | | |
| Eye contact | No specific data. | | | | | |
| Inhalation | No specific data. | | | | | |
| Skin contact | No specific data. | | | | | |
| Ingestion | No specific data. | to fuence also at an al la | | | | |
| Delayed and immediate effects a | nd also chronic effec | ts from short and lo | ong term e | <u>xposure</u> | | |
| Short term exposure | | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. Not available. | | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects Long term exposure | Not available. | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | | | | | |
| Potential chronic health effects | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| General | No known significant | effects or critical haz | zards. | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | | |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant | effects or critical haz | zards. | | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | No known significant | effects or critical haz | zards. | | | |
| Numerical measures of toxicity | | | | | | |
| Acute toxicity estimates | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ |
| ethanol | | 7000 | N/A | N/A | 124.7 | l) N/A |
| Other information | Adverse symptoms ir Adverse symptoms n | | | | | |
| Section 12. Ecological in | formation | | | | | |
| Toxicity | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Result | | Spec | ies | | Exposure |
| ethanol | Acute EC50 3306 m Acute EC50 1074 m Acute EC50 9.3 mg/ Acute LC50 110000 Chronic NOEC 4.99 Chronic NOEC 100 m | g/l Fresh water l Fresh water 00 μg/l Marine water 5 mg/l Marine water | Crus Dapl Fish Alga | e - Ulva pertusa taceans - Cypris s nnia - Daphnia ma - Alburnus alburn e - Ulva pertusa nnia - Daphnia ma | agna us | 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 21 days |
| Persistence and degradability Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inocu | ulum |
| ethanol | - | 100 % - Readily - 2 | 0 days | - | - | |
| Product/ingredient name ethanol | Aquatic half-life | Phot - | olysis | | Biodegradabil Readily | ity |
| Bioaccumulative potential | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | | | Potential | |
| ethanol | -0.35 | 0.66 | | | Low | |
| Mobility in soil | | | | | | |

Mobility in soil

28985256

Page: 6/8 Validation date 14 October 2023

| rProtein A/Protein G GraviTrap™ | 28985256 |
|---|---|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (K oc) | Not available. |
| Other adverse effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Section 13. Disposal cor | nsiderations |
| Disposal methods | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |
| Waste stream | Code: D001 Classification: Ignitability |

Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

| Section 15. Regulator | y information | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| U.S. Federal regulations | TSCA 8(a) CDR Exem | pt/Partial exemption: Not determined | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112(b) | Hazardous Air Pollutants | Not listed | |
| (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Cla | ass I Substances | Not listed | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | | Not listed | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precur | sor Chemicals) | Not listed | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essen | • | Not listed | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | |
| Composition/information or | n ingredients | | |
| No products were found. | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | Not applicable. | | |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | | | |
| Classification | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS | - Category 3 | |
| Composition/information or | | | |
| Name | % | Classification | |
| ethanol | 14 - 19 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 | |
| State regulations | | | |
| Massachusetts | The following compone | nts are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL | |
| New York | None of the component | ts are listed. | |
| New Jersey | The following compone | The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL | |
| Pennsylvania | The following compone | nts are listed: ETHANOL | |
| California Prop. 65 | | | |
| This product does not re | quire a Safe Harbor warning | under California Prop. 65. | |
| International regulations | | | |
| Chemical Weapon Convent | ion List Schedules I, II & III | <u>Chemicals</u> | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| Montreal Protocol | | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| Stockholm Convention on F | Parsistant Organic Pollutan | te | |
| Not listed. | ersistent Organic ronulan | | |
| | | | |
| Rotterdam Convention on F | Prior Informed Consent (PIC | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



| United States Not determined. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. Section 16. Other information National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Version Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification Procedure used to derive the classification Justification Classification Justification Elistory On basis of test data Bate of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations AT = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bicoencentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Ari Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermational MariTime Prevention of Poluution From Ships, 1 | rProtein A/Protein G GraviTrap™ | 289852 |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Inventory list United States Not determined. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. Section 16. Other information National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Flammability Health 2000 Flammability Instability/Reactivity Special hazards Procedure used to derive the classification Classific | UNECE Aarhus Protocol on PO | Ps and Heavy Metals |
| United States Not determined. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. Section 16. Other information National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Flammability Health 2000 Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Logistification Logistification Logistification Flammability Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Logistification Justification Flammability Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Listopi Procedure used to derive the classification Listopi Date of priving 01/15/2023 Date of previsou issue Advert of covicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GH3 = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals MAT = Actuet Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor | Not listed. | |
| Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. Section 16. Other information National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Flammability Health 2 Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermational Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermational Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water parition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not avaialable <th>Inventory list</th> <th></th> | Inventory list | |
| Section 16. Other information National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Health Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Classification Classification Ligger and the second secon | United States | Not determined. |
| National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Protection Association (U.S.A.) Health 2 0 0 Instability/Reactivity Special hazards Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor BCF = Bioconcentration Factor HMSPOL = Intermational Air Transport Association BC = Intermational Air Transpor | Canada inventory | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Procedure used to derive the classification Instability/Reactivity Special hazards Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals LATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available NU = United Nations Keferences | Section 16. Other inform | ation |
| Instability/Reactivity Special hazards Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification Classification Justification Frocedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification Total of priving 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 On basis of test data Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Set procedure to toxicity Estimate ECF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Air Transport Association BC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations UN = United Nations E | National Fire Protection Associa | tion (U.S.A.) |
| Procedure used to derive the classification Special hazards Procedure used to derive the classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 Sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association UMC = International Air Transport Association UMC = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available References Not available. | | Flammability |
| Procedure used to derive the classification Justification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References | | Health 2 0 Instability/Reactivity |
| Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category On basis of test data History 10/15/2023 Date of printing 10/14/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDRG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations | | |
| Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category On basis of test data History 10/15/2023 Date of printing 10/14/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDRG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations | | |
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data History 10/15/2023 Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of previous issue 10/14/2023 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References Not available. | | |
| History Date of printing 10/15/2023 Date of issue/Date of revision 10/14/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations | | |
| Date of printing10/15/2023Date of issue/Date of revision10/14/2023Date of previous issue4/29/2022Version10sds_author@cytiva.comKey to abbreviationsATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United NationsReferencesNot available. | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categol | y 3 On basis of test data |
| Date of issue/Date of revision 10/14/2023 Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = Internetional Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References | History | |
| Date of previous issue 4/29/2022 Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association BC = Internetiate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References | Date of printing | 10/15/2023 |
| Version 10 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References | Date of issue/Date of revision | 10/14/2023 |
| Key to abbreviations sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References Not available. | • | |
| Key to abbreviationsATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United NationsReferencesNot available. | Version | |
| BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations References | | |
| Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version | Key to abbreviations References | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations |
| | Indicates information | ation that has changed from previously issued version. |

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

